TU \# 1: What cunning infant just minutes after his birth accomplished several feats, including stealing the herd of his brother Apollo and inventing a new instrument?

HERMES
B1: Hermes became known for his cleverness later in life as well. What monster did Hermes kill by causing it to fall asleep with his stories?

## ARGUS

B2: Sometimes even Hermes, the god of cunning and thievery, couldn't be bothered to come up with a trick. When Hermes wanted to seduce Herse but her sister got in the way, in what brash way did he stop her?

HE TURNED HER TO STONE
TU \# 2: What versatile Latin noun means "circumstance," "fact," "event," "matter," or "thing"? REXS
B1: What idiomatic expression using rēs means "the state."
B2: What idiomatic expression using rēs means "grain supply."

## RĒS FRUMENTARIA

TU \#3: Elected two at a time every year, what government officials were considered to have reached the end of the Cursus Honorum?

CONSUL(S)
B1: If either consul was killed or retirde, what was the term to refer to a new consul who took their place?

CONSUL SUFFECTUS
B2: Although not usually included on the Cursus Honorum, what government officials were elected every 5 years and were responsible for taking the census and organizing building projects in Rome?

CENSOR
TU \# 4: Define the cognomen of the Roman general who offered himself to the gods by charging towards the enemy line during the Battle of Sentinum?

MOUSE
B1: Define the cognomen of a Roman statesman who composed significant rhetorical, philosophical, and political writings, and is even more famous for his role in undermining a senator's attempt to overthrow the Roman republic.

CHICKPEA(-FACED)
B2: Define the cognomen of the Roman general appointed to cross over to Sicily and place Messana under Roman protection.

BLOCKHEAD
TU \# 5: What hero embarked on a road from Troezen to Athens in order to find his father, who had left him with his mother Aethra and grandfather Pittheus?

THESEUS
B1: Along the road to Troezen, what bandit did Theseus kill by flinging him from a pine tree, just as he did to other travelers?

PITYOCAMPTES / SINIS
B2: What bandit did Theseus kill by his own giant tortoise, who was accustomed to eating human flesh?
SCIRON

TU \# 6: Though she's written many cogent essays before, Wendy wasn't able to finish her English exam since she left school early because of family exigencies. From what Latin word with what meaning do we derive "cogent," "essays," "exam," and "exigencies"?

AG $\overline{\mathbf{O}}$ - DO, DRIVE
B1: Some say that Silius Italicus is the worst Latin author. From what Latin word with what meaning do we derive "author"?

AUGEŌ - INCREASE
B2: I would've come, but I didn't because of my inertia. From what Latin word with what meaning do we derive "inertia"?

ARS - ART, SKILL
TU \# 7: Keeping all else the same, change the phrase animal velōx to the plural. ANIMALIA VELŌCIA
B1: Keeping all else the same, make animalia velōcia genitive.
B2: Make animalium velōcium ablative singular.

TU \# 8: Under the Flavian dynasty, what general earned the favor of Vespasian for his conquest of Britain and circumnavigation of the island?
B1: What general under the Flavian dynasty was known for his siege on Masada, leading to the conquest of Jerusalem?

FLAVIUS SILVA
B2: Which other general during the Flavian dynasty revolted against Domitian in 88 AD until he was taken down by another general named Lappius Maximus?

SATURNINUS
TU \# 9: What mythological monster was tasked with guarding the Apples of the Hesperides, and was turned into the constellation Draco after his death by Heracles?

LADON
B1: The location of the Apples of the Hesperides was given to Heracles by what titan, who wanted a reprieve from his eternal torture?

ATLAS
B2: What monsters were the parents of Ladon, one known for his uprising against the gods and one known for her wickedness?

TYPHON AND ECHIDNA
TU \# 10: "They wanted this," "The die is cast," and "I came, I saw, I conquered" were all sayings by what famous general? JULIUS CAESAR
B1: Who described the poet Lucretius as a lucky man with the ability to know the causes of things, depicted a woman as the leader of a colonial deed, and said that love conquers all?

VERGIL
B2: In addition to holding that a sound mind rests in a sound body, who coined the phrase "bread and circuses" to criticize superficial appeasement?

JUVENAL
TU\# 11: What room in the Roman baths, contained a large pool of hot water, resembling a large hot tub?
CALDARIUM
B1: Before making their way to the caldarium of a bath complex, an ancient Roman would have stopped by in the changing room. What is the Latin term for this changing room?

APODYTERIUM
B2: After working out, a bath-goer might make their way to the destrictarium where they would scrape off sweat and dirt. What was the term for the tool they would use for scraping?

STRIGIL(IS)
TU \# 12: Which two uses of the accusative can be found in the following sentence: Manius duo mīlia passuum ambulāvit ut dōmum reverteretur? EXTENT OF SPACE \& PLACE TO WHICH
B1. What two uses of the accusative are found in this sentence: Pater filium Marcum vocāvit?
DIRECT OBJECT \& PREDICATE ACCUSATIVE // DOUBLE ACCUSATIVE
B1. Which of the following verbs, if any, cannot take a secondary accusative object: rogō, celō, docē̄, orō?

TU \# 13: Listen carefully to the passage, which I will read twice, and answer in English the questions that follows.
Puer nōmine Publius duās felēs sumpsit quibus omnēs murēs in culinā delēre voluit. Hōc perfectō, alia felēs in lectō dormīvit, alia murēs interfectōs Publiō donāvit.
The question: Why did Publius obtain two cats?
HE WANTED TO CLEAR HIS KITCHEN OF MICE
B1\&B2: For 5 points each, identify what each cat did after it completed its task.
ONE SLEPT ON THE COUCH / BED, THE OTHER OFFERED THE DEAD MICE TO PUBLIUS

TU \# 14: "Urbs venālis" was an infamous line describing the evidence of Rome's senatorial corruption for taking bribes from what Numidian chieftain?
B1: Jugurtha's war with Rome after he massacred the inhabitants of what town?
B2: What Mauretanian ruler handed over Jugurtha to the Romans soon thereafter?
BOCCHUS
TU \# 15: When Odysseus arrived back on Ithaca, what loyal swineherd greeted him in his disguise and gave him hospitality, as the suitors destroyed the palace?

EUMAEUS
B1: While Odysseus was on his way home, his son Telemachus embarked to visit which two kings and fellow soldiers of Odysseus?

NESTOR \& MENELAÜS
B2: What treacherous goatherd shifted his loyalties to the suitors and helped them take over the palace, and was tortured and killed by Odysseus upon his victory?

MELANTHIUS
TU \# 16: Say in Latin using a gerundive, "We must run to the forum."
AD FORUM Ā NŌBĪS CURRENDUM EST
B1: Say in Latin using a gerund, "We enjoy eating." EDENDŌ FRUIMUR
B2: Say in Latin using a gerundive, "I bought flowers to honor my mother."

## AD MATREM HONORANDAM / ADORANDAM / ORNANDAM FLORĒS EMĪ

TU \# 17: "Many things go to show, not only how hated and execrable he was all this time, but also that he lived a life of extreme fear and was even exposed to insult. He forbade anyone to consult soothsayers secretly and without witnesses." This line comes from Suetonius' Twelve Caesars and describes one particular emperor whose fear and paranoia led him to such lengths, even isolating himself to his villa on the island Capri. Who was this emperor?

TIBERIUS
B1: Which praetorian prefect encouraged Tiberius' reclusive behavior to support his own agenda?
SEJANUS
B2: What woman revealed the villainy of Sejanus in 31 AD , resulting in his sentencing and death?
ANTONIA MINOR
TU \# 18: What do all the following verbs have in common grammatically: for, conor, aggredior, proficiscor?

THEY ARE DEPONENT
B1: What do the words incola, auriga, and collega have in common grammatically?
FIRST DECLENSION MASCULINE
B2: What grammatical irregularity do the words mula, equa, liberta, dea, and filia have in common?
ABLATIVE AND DATIVE PLURAL IN -ABUS
TU \# 19: What maiden was chained to a rock as an offering to Apollo and Poseidon, as a result of her father Laomedon having slighted the gods with empty promises?

HESIONE
B1: What were Poseidon and Apollo doing for king Laomedon? BUILDING THE WALLS OF TROY
B2: What son of Laomedon was ransomed by Hesione after Heracles sacked the city?
PRIAM / PODARCES
TU \# 20: Translate from Latin into English: Magister suōs discipulōs satis nōn legere dīxit.
THE TEACHER SAID THAT HIS STUDENTS DO NOT READ ENOUGH
B1: Translate: Milēs putat sē hostēs victūrum esse.
THE SOLDIER THINKS THAT HE IS GOING TO CONQUER THE ENEMY
B2: Translate: Pater sēnsit sacrum lapidem tētigisse.
THE FATHER PERCEIVED / REALIZED THAT HE HAD TOUCHED A SACRED STONE

2019 TSJCL Certamen<br>Intermediate Division, Prelims Extra Questions

## EXTRA QUESTIONS

LANGUAGE
TU: Give a Latin synonym of "templum".
B1: Give a Latin synonym of "lentus".
B2: Give a Latin synonym of "capillus".

## DELUBRUM / FANUM SEGNIS / PIGER / TARDUS COMA / CRINIS / CAESARIES

## MYTHOLOGY

TU: Who was transformed into an osprey after having his sacred purple lock of hair cut by his daughter? NISUS
B1: What figure in mythology was transformed into a hawk, after he threw himself off of a cliff in sadness of losing his daughter Chione?

DAEDALION
B2: Who was transformed into a hoopoe after he raped his wife's sister and cut out her tongue in order to stop her from talking about it.

TEREUS
HISTORY
TU: Shunned for his seemingly frail and lame disposition, what future emperor, tutored by Livy, composed a history of the Carthaginians and Etruscans and proposed a systematic installation of three new letters into the Latin alphabet?

CLAUDIUS
B1: Claudius demonstrated his acumen for politics when he managed to bribe what elite band of soldiers after the assassination of Caligula?

PRAETORIAN GUARDS
B2: Claudius also demonstrated a knack installing competent military appointments. Whom did Claudius appoint as the first governor of Britain after successfully establishing a foothold on the island in 43 A.D.?

TU \# 1: What mythological figure led an eventful yet tragically short life, participating in the quest for the Golden Fleece and the Caledonian Boar Hunt before being snuffed by his mother? MELEAGER
B1: What maiden was the love interest of Meleager, and was the first to strike the boar? ATALANTA
B2: Why did Althaea, Meleager's mother, decide to end his life?
HE KILLED HIS UNCLES / HER BROTHERS IN RAGE
TU \# 2: Although his worship of Sol Invictus was tamer than a previous emperor's, which emperor's military discipline was much harsher, thus granting him the title of manus ad ferrum?

AURELIAN
B1: Ironically, his mercy toward rebellious regents was grand! Aurelian allowed which queen to live in peace at a villa in Tibur married to a senator?

ZENOBIA
B2: What title did Aurelian receive for his defeat of Zenobia and Tetricus' Gallic Empire? RESTITUTOR ORBIS

TU \# 3: "Jess," "jut," "jetty," and "subjective" are all derived from what Latin verb with what meaning? IACIŌ - TO THROW
B1: What derivative of iaciō means "the substance or essence of a speech or text"? GIST
B2: What derivative of iaciō means "sad and depressed"?
DEJECTED
TU \# 4: Translate the third declension word for "violence" in the following sentence: He attacked me with such violence that I fled the country.

VIRIBUS
B1: Translate the third declension word for "oxen" in the following sentence: The fields, full of oxen, were described in poetry.

BOUM / BOBUS
B2: Translate the third declension word for "snow" in the following sentence: We saw snow covering the roofs of the town.

NIVEM
TU \# 5: Translate from Latin to English: licetne mihi currere?
IS IT PERMITTED FOR ME TO RUN
B1: Translate from Latin to English: placēbat puerō amāre.
IT WAS PLEASING FOR THE BOY TO LOVE
B2: Translate from Latin to English: nōs parēre parentibus decet.
IT IS FITTING / SUITABLE / ETC. FOR US TO OBEY (OUR) PARENTS
TU \# 6: What son of Talaüs and Lysimache was recruited to lead an expedition to return the rightful rule of Thebes to Polyneices?

ADRASTUS
B1. What brother of Adrastus was recruited as the seer for the expedition against his will, as he knew that it was doomed to fail?

AMPHIARAÜS
B2. Though the 7 Against Thebes failed, their sons, the Epigoni, were successful. What son of Adrastus, however, was the only one of the Epigoni who died on this quest?

AEGIALEUS
TU \# 7: What meaning is shared by amnis, fluvius, and flumen?
RIVER
B1: What meaning is shared by the nouns vagitus, ploratus, and fletus? WEEPING / CRYING
B2: What meaning is shared by suppetiae, ops, and subsidium?
HELP / AID
TU \# 8: Known for his persecution of Christians, patronage of the god Jupiter, and the Edict of Maximum Prices, what emperor was arguably most famous for his division of the empire? DIOCLETIAN
B1: In attempt to facilitate rule over the empire, Diocletian made which city his capital? NICOMEDIA
B2: To what city in modern day Croatia did Diocletian retire? SPLIT / SADONA

TU \# 9: Cottus, Briareus, and Gyges were all members of what mythological group? HECATONCHIRES B1: Dike, Eirene, and Eunomia were all members of what mythological group, the daughters of Zeus and Themis?

HORAE / SEASONS
B2: Allecto, Megara, and Tisiphone were all members of what mythological group? FURIES
TU \# 10: From what declension of Latin nouns do we derive the words "despair," "adjourn," "fealty," and "real"?
B1: Which of the following words, if any, is derived from the same noun as "formaldehyde": "chloroform," "uniform," "farm," "formula"? CHLOROFORM
B2: Which of the following words, if any, is derived from the same Latin word as "crest": "Crew," "decrease," "decrepit," "crease," "crisp"?

CREASE

TU \# 11: In vying for sole power of the Roman Empire, where did Septimius Severus defeat his first rival, Pescennius Niger, in 194 AD?
B1: Septimius Severus marched back west to defeat Clodius Albinus in what location in 197 AD?
LUGDUNUM
B2: If defeating two great rivals wasn't enough, Septimius Severus found more willpower to defeat the Parthians in 198 AD at what site?

CTESIPHON
TU \# 12: Complete the following analogy. bonus : optimus :: magnus : $\qquad$ MAXIMUS
B1: Complete the following analogy. bonus : melior :: malus : $\qquad$ .

B2: Complete the following analogy. bonus : optimus :: parvus : $\qquad$ . MINOR

TU \# 13: What son of Aristaeus and Autonoe was pursued by his own dogs after being transformed by a vengeful Artemis?

ACTAEON
B1: After Actaeon's death, his wolves became so inconsolable that what figure had to erect a statue of Actaeon to calm them?
B2: What cousin of Actaeon faced a similar fate by the hands of his mother and aunts, due to his rejection of Dionysus?

PENTHEUS
TU \# 14: Listen carefully to the excerpt from Caesar's De Bello Civili, which I will read twice, and answer in English the questions that follow.
Lentulus aeris alienī magnitūdine et spē exercitūs ac provinciārum et regum appellandorum largitiōnibus movētur, sēque alterum fōre Sullam inter suōs gloriātur, ad quem summa imperī̄ redeat.
The question: Name one of the three things which motivated Lentulus.
THE SIZE OF THE DEBT / HOPE OF THE ARMY AND PROVINCES / THE DISTRIBUTING OF NAMING KINGS
B1: $\quad$ Name another.
SEE ABOVE
B2: What was Lentulus boasting of? THAT HE WOULD BE ANOTHER SULLA AMONG THEM (TO WHOM HE WOULD RESTORE THE HEIGHT OF POWER)

TU \#15: What Latin conjunction would someone use to indicate that they're afraid that something won't happen?
B1: What Latin conjunction introduces a purpose clause when there is a comparative adjective or adverb within it?
B2: When someone wants to say that they will do something provided a certain condition, what is a Latin conjunction that they could use?

DUM / DUMMODO / TANTUM UT
TU \# 16: During the reign of which Roman king did the ancile, a sacred shield of Jupiter, fall from the sky?
NUMA (POMPILIUS)
B1: Numa Pompilius prudently created eleven replicas to make it difficult to track. Where were these twelve total shields housed to be carried in procession by Saliī?

TEMPLE OF MARS
What building became known as the residence of the kings?
REGIA
TU \# 17: What use of the infinitive is found in the following sentence: Senex ambulāre sine baculō nōn pōtest?

COMPLEMENTARY
B1: What use of the infinitive is depicted by the following sentence: Errāre humānum est? SUBJECTIVE
B2: What use of the infinitive characterizes the following sentence: Pastor pecudēs ad campum confluere coēgit?

OBJECTIVE
TU \# 18: Who put Cedalion on his shoulders to guide him to the aid of Helius, in order to regain his eyesight?
ORION
B1: Orion was blinded because he attempted to rape what maiden, to the disapproval of her father?
MEROPE
B2: After he was healed, Orion came back to exact revenge on Oenopion. What god, the father of Oenopion, did he call upon to save him from certain death?

HEPHAESTUS
TU \# 19: What would it mean if the letters d.s.p. were inscribed on a tombstone?
DIED WITHOUT ISSUE / OFFSPRING
B1: If a committee concluded a meeting s.d., what does that indicate about the date of their next one?
POSTPONED INDEFINITELY / IT HAS NOT BEEN DECIDED
B2: If it was written in a book that a diagram was located f.v., where would you find it?
ON THE BACK OF THE PAGE / ON THE LEFTHAND PAGE
TU\# 20: What profession was shared by Catervarii, Secutores, Andabatae, Laquearii and Murmillones?
GLADIATORS
B1: Of the types of gladiators mentioned in the tossup, which would be blindfolded while fighting against their opponents?

ANDABATAE
B2: If a gladiator were to be killed while fighting, what gate would they be carried out of?
PORTA LIBITINENSIS

## EXTRA QUESTIONS

LANGUAGE
TU: Give the 3rd person, singular, present, active, indicative form of ferō, ferre.
FERT
B1: Change fert to the subjunctive mood.
B2: $\quad$ Change ferat to the pluperfect tense.
MYTHOLOGY

TU: What group of sisters treacherously murdered their husbands on their wedding nights, an act that caused them to be punished eternally in the Underworld?
B1: What was this punishment for the Danaids? CARRY WATER IN LEAKY CONTAINERS
B2: Which of the 50 daughters of Danaus refused and thus was spared from this eternal torture? HYPERMNESTRA

HISTORY
TU: Who was the first emperor to issue an empire-wide persecution of the Christians in 250 A.D.? DECIUS
B1: Decius became the first emperor to die in battle when he was killed at what battle of 251 A.D.? (BATTLE OF) ABRITTUS
B2: Name the son and co-emperor of Decius who was also killed at Abrittus. HERENNIUS ETRUSCUS

TU \# 1: In Ancient Roman government, military tribunes held consular power until the passage of what law in 367 BC allowing for one of the consuls elected to be plebeian?

LEX LICINIA-SEXTIA
B1: What law passed in 342 BC required that one consul be a plebeian and additionally banned lending that carried interest?

LEX GENUCIA
B2: What law passed in 326 BC , according to Livy, abolished the contractual form of debt bondage or nexum?

LEX POETELIA (PAPIRIA)
TU \# 2: Consider the following excerpt from one of Cicero's letters to Atticus: Sōl, ut est in tuā quādam epistulā, excidisse mihi è mundō vidētur. Ut aegrotō, dum anima est, spēs esse dīcitur. What state derives its motto, Dum Spirō Sperō, from these lines?

SOUTH CAROLINA
B1: Give the Latin and English for the motto of North Dakota, which is taken from Cicero's De Senectute.

SERIT UT ALTERĪ SAECLŌ PROSIT / HE SOWS TO BENEFIT ANOTHER AGE
B2: $\quad$ Give the Latin and English for the motto of Missouri, which is taken from Cicero's De Legibus?
SALUS POPULĪ LEX ESTŌ / LET THE WELFARE OF THE PEOPLE BE SUPREME LAW
TU \# 3: What maiden was forced to sell herself in various guises and forms, in order to procure enough money to keep her father Erysichthon's eternal hunger at bay?

MESTRA
B1: Mestra gained this power of shapeshifting after having an affair with what Olympian deity?
POSEIDON
B2: Erysichthon was given this curse of eternal hunger by what goddess, after he cruelly cut down the tree of a dryad in his garden?

DEMETER
TU \# 4: Translate the following sentence into Latin: "It happened that the moon was full."
ACCIDIT / EVĒNIT UT LUNA ESSET PLENA
B1: Translate the following sentence into Latin using "undique": "This city is so famous that people from all over visit." HAEC URBS EST TAM CLĀRA UT HOMINĒS UNDIQUE VISITENT
B2: Translate the following sentence into Latin: "You will never persuade me to fight."
MIHI NUMQUAM PERSUADĒBIS UT PUGNEM
TU \# 5: Listen carefully to the passage about Hercules and the Ligurians, which I will read twice, and answer in English, the questions that follow.
Quondam unus ex Liguribus Herculem insidiāvit et pecus Geryōnis auferre conātus est. Illō interfectō, reliquī Ligurēs Herculem aggrederentur. Herculēs, postquam diū pugnāverat, in genua incidit. Iuppiter verītus nē Hercules ā Liguribus interficeretur, lapidēs dē caelō dīmīsit atque Ligurēs quam celerrimē dōmum regressī sunt.
The question: Why did Jupiter throw stones from the sky?
HE FEARED HERCULES WOULD BE KILLED
B1: What did the Ligurians do after Zeus sent the stones?
RETREATED HOME AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE
B2: Why had one of the Ligurians ambushed Hercules? TO STEAL THE CATTLE OF GERYON
TU \# 6: What mythological figure was punished in the Underworld for such crimes as committing the first familial murder and attempting to seduce Hera after being invited to Mt. Olympus? IXION
B1: What figure in mythology was stretched over 9 acres in the Underworld for trying to seduce Leto?
TITYUS
B2: What brothers were punished in the Underworld by being tied to a pole, due to their attempts to storm Olympus?

TU \# 7: Convert the Roman date Idibus Ianuariīs to the Gregorian Calendar.
JANUARY 13
B1: Convert the Roman date ante diem tertiam Nonās Septembrēs to the Gregorian Calendar.
SEPTEMBER 3
B2: Convert the Roman date ante diem sextam Kalendās Augustās to the Gregorian Calendar.
JULY 27

TU \# 8: The praefectus annonae, praefectus vigilum, and cohortes praetorianae were all institutions established under the reign of what Roman emperor?

AUGUSTUS
B1 \& B2: Augustus was said to have "found Rome a city of brick and left it a city of marble." However, he had two generals of his who built extensively under his reign, including the city's first permanent amphitheater. For five points each, name these figures.

AGRIPPA \& STATILIUS TAURUS
TU \# 9: For the verb faciō, give the third person singular, pluperfect active subjunctive.
FĒCISSET
B1: Change fēcisset to the passive.
FACTUS ESSET
B2: Change factus esset to the present tense.
FIAT
TU \# 10: Which use of the ablative can be found in the following sentence: Nunc maiora paulō canāmus.
DEGREE OF DIFFERENCE
B1: Which use of the ablative can be found in the following sentence: Cicerō alterī oratorī tantā eloquntiā numquam obiit.

DESCRIPTION
B2: Which use of the ablative can be found in the following sentence: Faber statuam quinque denariīs permutāvit.

TU \# 11: What Latin verb with what meaning lies at the root of "deluge," "lotion," and "laundry"?
B1: What Latin noun with what meaning lies at the root of "lettuce"? LAC - MILK
B2: Which of the following words, if any, does not belong due to derivation: "leverage," "alleviate," "leveret," "unleavened"?

LEVERET
TU \# 12: What man was so envious that he was not awarded the hand of Helen after the death of Paris that he betrayed his city and provided his aid to the Greeks, warning them of what they needed to do in order to defeat the Trojans?

HELENUS
B1: Helenus later left Troy and became the founder of what city, where he encountered Aeneas on his travels?

BUTHROTUM
B2: Though Helenus didn't end up marrying Helen, he did marry another widow from the war. Name her.

ANDROMACHE
TU \# 13: What nephew of Constantine the Great was infamous for his renouncing of his family's zeal for Christianity, thus ironically perishing at the spear of a Christian? JULIAN THE APOSTATE
B1: Against what group of people in the East was Julian fighting when he died? PERSIANS
B2: What general, unrelated to the Constantinian dynasty, became emperor next and rescinded Julian's anti-Christian policies?

TU \# 14: Penes, secundum, versus and iuxta are all prepositions that govern what case?
B1: What case is taken by the prepositions postridie, erg $\overline{\mathbf{o}}$, and causa?
B2: What preposition that takes the ablative means "in the presence of"

TU \# 15: What brothers hid a secret entrance into the treasury they were commissioned to build, an act that would eventually lead to one of their deaths?

TROPHONIUS AND AGAMEDES
B1: For what king, son of Poseidon and Alcyone, were Trophonius and Agamedes hired to build a treasury?

HYRIEUS
B2: When Agamedes became caught in a trap set by Hyrieus, how did Trophonius ensure that no one would find out it was them? HE CUT OFF THE HEAD OF HIS BROTHER

TU\# 16: Needing to fulfill the conditions of Matrimus et Patrimus, what was the term for the boy who carried the box of utensils during a Confarreatio?

CAMILLUS
B1: After a Confarreatio, a large wedding reception would take place. To which Roman deity would a spelt cake be offered during the reception?

JUPITER
B2: The ceremony of Confarreatio was reserved for patricians. What was the term for the type of marriage that was regularly practiced among slaves?

CONTUBERNIUM
TU \# 17: Using only two words translate the subordinate clause in this sentence: while the king was sleeping, he dreamed of finding more gold.

REGE DORMIENTE/II
B1: Identify the case and use of "gold" in that sentence. PARTITIVE GENITIVE
B2: Using two words translate the subordinate clause in this sentence: since the gold was found, the king is very happy.

AURŌ INVENTŌ / REPERTŌ
TU \# 18: Quid Anglice significat "fallō"? TO DECIEVE
B1: Quid Anglice significat "urō"?
TO BURN
B2: Quid Anglice significat "ico"?
TO STRIKE / HIT
TU \#19: While the American Classical League, the parent organization of the Junior Classical League, is celebrating its centennial, what emperor's reign marked the celebration of the city's millennial anniversary?

PHILIP THE ARAB
B1: Philip the Arab's reign was cut short due to the military strategy of what general at the Battle of Verona in 249 AD? DECIUS
B2: Decius met an even quicker demise two years later when he and his son were defeated by the Goths under Cniva at what battle?

ABRITTUS
TU \# 20: In the Odyssey, when Penelope worries about Telemachus' return to Ithaca, what goddess disguises as her sister Iphthime to assure her that he will be alright?

ATHENA
B1: Athena is heavily involved in Ithaca throughout the Odyssey. As what Taphian king does she disguise herself at the beginning of the Odyssey to advise Telemachus?

MENTES
B2: Athena also urges Zeus to let Odysseus leave the island of Calypso. What god does Zeus then send in order to inform Calypso that she must let Odysseus leave?

HERMES

## EXTRA QUESTIONS

## LANGUAGE

TU: $\quad$ Differentiate in meaning between mūs and mās.
B1: $\quad$ Differentiate in meaning between findo and scindo.
B2: Differentiate in meaning between faex and fax.

MŪS - MOUSE \& MĀS - MALE
FINDŌ - SPLIT \& SCIND $\overline{0}$ - CUT
FAEX - DREGS \& FAX - TORCH

TU. Quid Anglice significat "ruga"?
WRINKLE
STAIN
B2: Quid Anglice significat "serta, sertorum"?
GARLANDS
MYTHOLOGY
TU: In order to unite them in death or as punishment for calling each other Zeus and Hera, what mythological couple was transformed into kingfishers?

CEYX AND ALCYONE
B1: What young man faced an equally bad fate due to love, hanging himself due to the cruel and bitter spurning of Anaxerete?

IPHIS
B2: What couple created a plague due to the fact that they had sex in the temple of Artemis, causing both of them to be sacrificed?

COMAETHO AND MELANNIPUS
TU: What king in Italy, founder of Pallantium, welcomed the Trojans warmly and allowed them to enter into the sacred rites he was performing?

EVANDER
B1: To which figure was Evander sacrificing, a hero who rid the lands of Pallantium of a terrible fire-breathing monster?

HERCULES
B2: Which former Etruscan leader's cruelty convinced many of the Etruscans to unite with Aeneas in his war against Turnus?

MEZENTIUS

## HISTORY

TU: What battle in 222 B.C. led to the issue of last spolia opima?
BATTLE OF CLASTIDIUM
B1: Who was the Roman commander that slewed his opponent in one-on-one combat to obtain the spolia opima?
(M.) CLAUDIUS MARCELLUS

B2: Who was the Gallic chieftain Marcellus slew to gain the spolia opima? VIRIDOMARUS
TU: Which emperors preceded and succeeded Macrinus?
CARACALLA \& ELAGABLUS (RESPECTIVELY)
B1: Which emperors preceded and succeeded Majorian?
AVITUS \& LIBIUS SEVERUS (RESPECTIVELY)
B2: Which emperors preceded and succeeded Glycerius?
OLYBRIUS \& JULIUS NEPOS (RESPECTIVELY)

