

TSJCL Certamen Question Template
Advanced Division, Round 1

I will read one practice question now for no points. This question does not necessarily reflect the difficulty of questions found in this tournament.

TU # 0:	Quid Anglice significat “habeo”?	HAVE
B1:	Quid Anglice significat “teneo”?	HOLD
B2:	Quid Anglice significat “ululo”?	HOWL

TU #1 : Give the Etruscan name identified by the emperor Claudius for the Roman king who lived on the Esquiline, built the Temple of Diana, and took the first census. MASTARNA
B1: Servius Tullius added three new hills to the city. Name them. QUIRINAL, VIMINAL, AND CAELIAN

B2: According to Livy, the Roman king Servius Tullius was the son of Ocrisia, who was captured after the Romans defeated what Latin town? CORNICULUM

TU #2 : In Book X of the *Metamorphoses*, who causes the fire on her altar to flare three times more brightly in response to Pygmalion’s request for a wife like his “ivory girl”? VENUS (cannot take “Aphrodite”)

B1: The reason that Pygmalion wanted a wife like his “ivory girl” was because Venus had cursed all the women on Cyprus to become the first to do what? PROSTITUTE THEMSELVES

B2: As you can probably guess, Venus allows Pygmalion’s “ivory girl” to come to life and marry Pygmalion. Name their child. PAPHOS

TU #3 : What use of the accusative can be found in phrases such as “**bonam partem**” and “**id temporis**”? ADVERBIAL

B1: What use of the accusative, aside from direct object, can be found in the following lines from Vergil’s Aeneid: “**Vēnātrix dederatque comam diffundere ventīs, nūdā genū.**” RESPECT / SPECIFICATION / GREEK

B2: What use of the accusative can be found in the following Latin sentence from Cicero’s *De Senectute*: “**Tertiam iam aetātem hominum vīvēbat.**” COGNATE

TU #4 : What legate of Pompey in Spain and veteran of the war against Sertorius was entrusted by Caesar with the task of creating a large library, a fitting task for Rome’s greatest scholar? (M. TERENTIUS) VARRŌ REĀTĪNUS (PROMPT ON VARRŌ)

B1: Give the title of Varrō’s treatise on Latin which explores, among other things, morphology, syntax, and stylistics. **DĒ LINGUĀ LATĪNĀ**

B2: In addition, Varrō also wrote what three-book work for his wife Fundania, discussing agriculture, livestock, and cattle? **DE RĒ RŪSTICĀ / RĒS RŪSTICAE / RĒRUM RŪSTICĀRUM LIBRĪ TRĒS**

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- TU #5 : Please give the Latin and English for the motto of Missouri. **SALŪS POPULĪ SUPRĒMA LĒX ESTŌ** - LET THE WELFARE OF THE PEOPLE BE THE SUPREME / HIGHEST LAW // THE WELFARE OF THE PEOPLE SHALL BE THE SUPREME / HIGHEST LAW
- B1: Please give the Latin and English for the motto of Maryland. **CRĒSCITE ET MULTIPLICĀMINĪ** - GROW AND MULTIPLY
- B2: Please give the Latin and English for the motto of Connecticut.” **QUĪ TRĀNSTULIT SUSTINET** - HE WHO CAME ACROSS / TRANSPLANTED HOLDS UP / SUSTAINS

(SCORE CHECK)

- TU #6 : The compass, the potter’s wheel, and the saw were all invented by what brilliant young Athenian, the nephew of Daedalus? **PERDIX / TALUS / CALUS**
- B1: It is said that Perdix invented the saw after observing what natural specimens? **FISH SPINE / SNAKE JAWBONE**
- B2: Unfortunately, Perdix’s promising career as a craftsman was cut short when Daedalus flung him off the Acropolis and he transformed into what creature? **PARTRIDGE**
- TU #7 : From what Latin adjective with what meaning do we derive “carnival”, “relevant” and “levy”? **LEVIS - LIGHT**
- B1: From what Latin verb with what meaning do we derive “usurp” and “abuse”? **UTOR - USE**
- B2: Aside from **utor**, what other Latin verb with what meaning lies at the root of “usurp”? **RAPIO - TAKE**
- TU #8 : Although Hadrian had promised that he would not put any senator to death without being found guilty by a senatorial court, four senators of consular rank were killed early on in his reign. Name two of them. **SEE BELOW**
- B1: Name two more. **ANY TWO OF THE FOLLOWING: (LUSIUS) QUIETUS, (A. CORNELIUS) PALMA, (L. PUBLILIUS) CELSUS, (C.) AVIDIUS / NIGRINUS**
- B2: Hadrian also landed into hot water for killing what brother-in-law of his, who famously cursed him to ‘long for death, but be unable to die’ before being forced to commit suicide? **(L. / C. JULIUS SERVILIUS) URSUS SERVIANUS**
- TU #9 : Who, in the preface of his major historical work, says that narrating Rome’s glorious past is a refuge from the distress he feels from narrating current events, and follows in the footsteps of Polybius in offering no criticisms or biases of historical figures? **LIVY**
- B1: Asinius Pollio had accused Livy of “**Patavīnitās**,” a close attachment to the traditions of the republic and a callback to what hometown of Livy’s? **PADUA / PATAVIUM**
- B2: The work ends with the death of Drusus I in 9 BC, but some scholars mark the final scenes with what battle of 9 AD? **TEUTOBURG FOREST**
- TU #10 : **Quid Anglicē significat “edo”?** **EAT / PUBLISH**
- B1: **Quid Anglicē significat “sepelio”?** **BURY**
- B2: **Quid Anglicē significat “nitor”?** **STRUGGLE**

(SCORE CHECK)

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- TU #11 : Please translate the following sentence from English to Latin: Let the baker sell his bread for a lower price. **PISTOR PĀNEM MINŌRE PRETIŌ EMAT**
- B1: Please translate the following sentence from English to Latin: Should I stay at home or go to Rome? **DOMĪ MANEAM AUT RŌMAM EAM?**
- B2: Please translate the following sentence from English to Latin: If only I was able to see my mother in Athens? **UTINAM VIDĒRE MĀTREM (MEAM) ATHĒNĪS POSSEM**
- TU #12 : Although it can also be translated as a ‘lap’, what was the Latin term for the part of a **toga** that formed a curve under the right shoulder, and was sometimes used as a pocket? **SINUS**
- B1: What was the term for the small pocket of the toga formed from the series of folds at the chest, which can also mean ‘curbstone’ in the context of Roman roads? **UMBŌ**
- B2: Arranging and storing a **toga** was often a cumbersome task. What kind of enslaved person would have arranged the folds of his master’s **toga** after it was put on? **VESTIPLICUS**
- TU #13 : Who, having transformed her appearance into that of an old crone by applying ointments to her skin and hair, made a rough statue of Artemis out of wood and declared herself as a priestess of Hyperborean Artemis sent by the goddess to bring good luck to Iolcus by restoring the youth of its king? **MEDEA**
- B1: In this account of the story, what demonstration did Medea perform to earn the trust of the citizens of Iolcus and get King Pelias to consent to undergoing her magical treatment?
(SHE REMOVED HER OINTMENTS AND) RE-EMERGED AS A YOUNG WOMAN
- B2: In another version of the story, Medea impressed Pelias’ daughters and got them to ask her to perform the same on their father through her rejuvenation of what man? **AESON**
- TU #14 : An ekphrasis on Domitian’s equestrian statues and a celebration of various buildings in Rome are parts of what miscellany of 32 poems written by Statius? **SILVAE**
- B1: Statius dedicated his 4th book to what Senator and also the dedicatee of Quintillian’s *Institutio Oratoria*? (M.) VICTORIUS MARCELLUS
- B2: Most of the details that we know of Statius’ life come from his *Silvae* and in what author’s satirical work? (D. IUNIUS) JUVENAL(IS)
- TU #15 : Please translate the following sentence from Latin to English: “**Mea māter dixit bellō finītō rēgem ad urbem advenisse.**”
MY MOTHER SAID THAT THE KING HAD ARRIVED
IN / AT THE CITY WITH THE WAR HAVING BEEN FINISHED
- B1: Please translate the following sentence from Latin to English: “**Iūdex nōn crēdit heri virum crīmen cōnfēcisse.**”
THE JUDGE DOES NOT BELIEVE
THAT THE MAN COMMITTED THE CRIME YESTERDAY
- B2: Please translate the following sentence from Latin to English: “**Imperātor putāvit hostem īnsidiīs nōn prōvidere.**”
THE GENERAL THOUGHT THAT THE ENEMY
DID NOT FORESEE THE AMBUSH / TRAP

(SCORE CHECK)

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TU #16 : Listen carefully to the following excerpt from one of Cicero's letters to Atticus, which I will read twice. Then answer the questions that follow in LATIN:

Tū modo quam saepissimē ad mē aliquid. epistulam Luccēiō nunc quam mīsī, quā meās rēs ut scribat rogō, fac ut ab eō sūmās (valdē bella est) eumque ut adproperet adhortēris et quod mihi sē ita factūrum rescripsit agās grātiās, domum nostram quoad poteris invīsās, Vestoriō aliquid significēs. valdē enim est in mē liberālis.

The Question: **Quōmodo Cicerō Atticum scribere vult?**

B1: **Quod Cicerō ab Luccēius rogāvit?**

B2: **Quōmodo Vestorius est in Cicerōnem?**

**QUAM SAEPISSIMĒ
UT SUĀS RĒS SCRĪBAT
(VALDE) LIBERALIS**

TU #17 : What Dalmatian Christian author wrote a compendium of 135 biographies, a universal history from Adam to the reign of Valens, and a famous translation of the bible into Latin?

JEROME // (EUSEBIUS SOPHRONIUS) HIERONYMUS

B1: Name the location and year of Jerome's death.

BETHLEHEM & 420 AD

B2: Jerome referenced in his *De Viris Illustribus* that his birthplace, straddled on the border of Dalmatia and Pannonia, was destroyed by the Goths. What was this hometown of Jerome?

STRIDON

TU #18 : What Capuan **lanista** had a rude awakening when 78 of his gladiators escaped from his training school in a revolt most famously led by the Thracian gladiator Spartacus?

(GNAEUS CORNELIUS LENTULUS) BATTIATUS / VATIA

B1: Name one of the two enslaved people who led this revolt along with Spartacus.

CRIXUS / OENOMAÛS

B2: In what region of Italy did Marcus Licinius Crassus finally trap and defeat Spartacus after he had beaten four Roman armies?

BRUTTIUM

TU #19 : In the Odyssey, whose name meaning "burner of ships" may be ironic given that she, along with her handmaidens, is the first to provide aid to the shipwrecked Odysseus?

NAUSICAĀ

B1: On what island had Odysseus landed when Nausicaā found him?

SCHERIĒ

B2: What were Nausicaā and her handmaidens doing when they came across Odysseus?

LAUNDRY

(SCORE CHECK)

TU #20 : For the verb **fodiō**, give the third person plural imperfect passive subjunctive.

FODERENTUR

B1: Now, change **foderentur** to the pluperfect.

FOSSĪ ESSENT

B2: Now, change **fossī essent** to the active.

FŌDISSENT

(SCORE CHECK)

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EXTRA QUESTIONS

TU #: For the verb **farcio**, give the 2nd person plural, imperfect, passive, subjunctive.

FARCIREMINI

B1: Change **farciremini** to the pluperfect.

FARTI ESSETIS

B2: Change **farti essetis** to the active.

FARSISSETIS

TU #: Which Roman author, the first to give Latin literature a nationalist direction, wrote works such as *Tarentilla*, *Romulus*, and *Clastidium* in addition to the *Bellum Punicum*?

(CN.) NAEVIUS

B1: With which powerful family did Naevius feud, resulting in his exile to Utica?

METELLI

B2: Which of Naevius' works is a *fabula togata* on how to entertain guests from Praeneste and Lanuvium?

ARIOLUS

TU #: 'Rally,' 'liable,' 'ally,' and 'league' are all derived from what Latin verb with what meaning?

LIGO - TO BIND

B1: What English derivative of **ligo** means a "substance that is usually composed of two or more metals"?

ALLOY

B2: What English derivative of **ligo** means "something a person must do because of the demands of a promise or contract"?

OBLIGATION

TU #: What daughter of Iardanus married Tmolus whom she succeeded on the throne at his death and bought the servitude of Heracles for three years?

OMPHALE

B1: During those years of servitude, what vineyard owner did Heracles kill by using that owner's very hoe?

SYLEUS

B2: Of course, Heracles also encountered the Cercopes during his servitude. However, Cercopes is just a term for the two brothers. What were the actual names of the brothers?

PASSALUS & ACMON

TU #: What do the following words have in common grammatically: **Vannus, Aegyptus, Fagus, Humus**?

2ND DECLENSION FEMININE NOUNS

B1: What do the following words have in common grammatically: **Anus, Idus, Nurus, Tribus**?

4TH DECLENSION FEMININE NOUNS

B2: To what grammatical category of nouns do the following belong: **Anser, Leo, Lepus**?

EPICENE

TSJCL Certamen Question Template
Advanced Division, Round 2

I will read one practice question now for no points. This question does not necessarily reflect the difficulty of questions found in this tournament.

TU # 0: Who killed the Minotaur? THESEUS
B1: Who killed Medusa? PERSEUS
B2: Who killed Echidna? ARGUS (PANOPTES)

TU #1 : What neoteric poet and comrade of Catullus in Bithynia wrote a **propempticon** addressed to Asinius Pollio, but is most known for a lost poem entitled *Zmyrna* and his death at the hands of an angry mob at Julius Caesar's funeral? (HELVIUS) CINNA

B1: What earlier poet, labeled pre-neoteric, shares the name of one of his poems with a poem of the *Appendix Vergiliāna* and also wrote *Pullī* in trochaic septēnāriī? SUEIUS

B2: Which neoteric poet, nicknamed the "Latin Siren", lived as a grammarian and teacher of poetry until old age and authored two **epyllia** entitled *Dictynna* and *Lydia*? VALERIUS CATO

TU #2 : Differentiate in meaning between **crimen** and **culmen**. CHARGE / CRIME AND PEAK

B1: Differentiate in meaning between **crus** and **grus**. LEG / SHIN AND CRANE

B2: Differentiate in meaning between **faenum** and **fanum**. HAY AND SHRINE / TEMPLE

TU #3 : What queen repeatedly ignored Roman grievances and even executed one of the Roman envoys when they complained about Illyrian piracy? TEUTA

B1: Name Teuta's husband who initiated this aggressive and hostile foreign policy. AGRON

B2: Who ultimately betrayed Teuta to the Romans and gained control of Pharos as a result? DEMETRIUS (OF PHAROS)

TU #4 : Which of the following abbreviations does not belong due to context in which it is used: **A.A.S.**, **S.T.T.L.**, **D.V.**, **H.J.S.**? **D.V.**

B1: Please give the Latin and English for the abbreviation **S.T.T.L.**
SIT TIBI TERRA LEVIS - MAY THE EARTH REST LIGHTLY ON YOU

B2: Please give the Latin and English for the abbreviation **D.V.**
DEŌ VOLENTE - WITH GOD WILLING

TU #5 : What mythological beings were born alongside the Giants and the Meliae when drops of blood fell onto the earth due to the castration of Ouranos? ERINYES / FURIES

B1/2: The Erinyes are most famous for persistently hounding two men for killing their mothers, Clytemnestra and Eriphyle, name them for five points each. ORESTES AND ALCMEON

(SCORE CHECK)

TU #6 : For the phrase **vetus exercitus**, give the dative singular. **VETERĪ EXERCITUĪ**

B1: Now, change **veterī exercitūī** to the plural. **VETERIBUS EXERCITIBUS**

B2: Now, change **veteribus exercitibus** to the comparative and genitive. **VETUSTIŌRUM EXERCITUUM**

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- TU #7 : What son of Apollo and Deione was driven from Crete by Minos because he preferred Minos' brother Sarpedon as a lover? MILETUS
B1: After eventually separating from Sarpedon, Miletus went on to become the father of what girl, who fell in love with her own twin brother Caunus? BYBLIS
B2: When Caunus left home forever out of horror, Byblis became so upset that she was transformed into what? A SPRING
- TU #8 : What third century Roman emperor was born in Mauretania, an **equus** in rank, and the first emperor without previous membership in the senate, but is known for being the successor to Caracalla despite not being related to him? MACRINUS
B1: Name Macrinus' son, to whom Macrinus gave the title Antoninus in an attempt to legitimize his reign. DIADUMENIANUS
B2: Macrinus and his son did not last very long on the throne, as the grandmother of his successors paid the army a hefty sum to depose them. Name her. JULIA MAESA
- TU #9 : Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice, from Ovid's Amores. Then answer the questions that follow in ENGLISH:

**Militat omnis amāns, et habet sua castra Cupīdō;
Atticē, crēde mihi, militat omnis amāns.
quae bellō est habilis, Venerī quoque convenit aetās.
turpe senex mīles, turpe senīlis amor.**

- The Question: To whom is Ovid addressing this specific poem? ATTICUS
B1: According to this poem, what two types of people does Ovid consider to be disgraceful? AN OLD SOLDIER & AN ELDERLY LOVER
B2: What is the case and use of the words "**bellō**" and "**Venerī**" in this passage? DATIVE OF SPECIAL ADJECTIVES / DATIVE OF REFERENCE
- TU #10 : The encounter of a bore along the **Via Sacra**, a dinner party at the rich Nasidenus' residence, and the journey to Brundisium are among the poems in which Golden Age author's collection of Satires?
HORACE
B1: Which of Horace's works of 17 BC begins with an invocation to the gods Apollo and Diana and was performed during the celebration of a new century? **CARMEN SAECULĀRE**
B2: Horace received his education in Rome, where he would learn the Odūsia by Livius Andronicus under the beatings of a grammarian named Orbilius. What was Orbilius' nickname? **PLĀGŌSUS**

(SCORE CHECK)

- TU #11 : Identify the type of condition that can be found in the following Latin sentence: "**Nisi Aenēās cor Dīdōnis frangeret, Anna mortem sorōris nōn lūgēret.**" PRESENT CONTRARY TO FACT
B1: Now translate that sentence from the tossup: IF AENEAS WERE NOT BREAKING DIDO'S HEART, (THEN) ANNA WOULD NOT MOURN HER SISTER'S DEATH
B2: Now change this sentence into a past contrary-to-fact condition. **FRANGERET TO FREGISSET; LUGERET TO LUXISSET**

TSJCL Certamen Question Template
Advanced Division, Round 2

- TU #12 : According to Apollodorus, whose first adventure was to pursue a lion which had been roaming Mount Cithaeron and eating the flocks of both Thespius and Amphitryon? HERACLES'
B1: Prior to asking Heracles to pursue the lion on Mount Cithaeron, Thespius entertained Heracles for how many nights? FIFTY / ONE
B2: What other man is sometimes credited with killing this lion? ALCATHOÛS

- TU #13 : Which of the following does not belong due to derivation: inept, couple, adapt, vantage, lariat? VANTAGE
B1: From what Latin word with what meaning is vantage as well as words such as advance and antics derived? ANTE - BEFORE
B2: From what Latin word with what meaning are the rest of the words from the toss-up derived? APTUS - SUITABLE

- TU #14 : What five book didactic work on astronomical and astrological topics, inspired by Lucretius' *De Rerum Natura*, argues that the cosmological order is ruled by a divine entity of reason, with the Earth as the "solid" and the rest as the star firmament? ASTRONOMICA
B1: What author, who wrote an adaptation of Aratus' *Phaenomena* and a *Prognostica* on weather signs, was better known as a famous general during the Augustan age? GERMANICUS
B2: What later author, who wrote an 8 book astrological treatise, converted to Christianity and denounces Pagan practices in his *De Errore Profanarum Religionum*? FIRMICUS MATERNUS

- TU #15 : What Roman king built the Quirites' trench, created the plebeian class, and built the Tullianum? ANCUS MARCIUS
B1: What was Ancus Marcius' relationship to Rome's second king, Numa Pompilius? GRANDSON
B2: From what tribe did Ancus Marcius also borrow the use of **fetiales** to declare war? AEQUICOLAE / AEQUI / ARDEATES / ARDEANS

(SCORE CHECK)

- TU #16 : Please translate the following sentence from English to Latin using multiple datives: The army is a guard for the people who live in the town.
EXERCITUS POPULŌ / HOMINIBUS QUI IN OPPIDŌ HABITA(N)T PRAESIDIŌ EST
B1: Please translate the following sentence from English to Latin using a **cum** clause: Because the mother is away, I must quickly cook dinner.
CUM MĀTER ABSIT, CĒNA MIHI CELERITER COQUENDA EST
B2: Using a deponent, please translate the following sentence from English to Latin: Let us enjoy the first festival of the new year!
PRĪMĪS FĒRIĪS NOVĪ ANNĪ FRUĀMUR!

- TU #17 : One of Cicero's proudest achievements was that he was elected to every office **suō annō**. What does this phrase mean? ELECTED AT THE YOUNGEST POSSIBLE AGE FOR THAT OFFICE
B1: According to the **Lex Villia Annalis**, what was the youngest age a Roman could be elected consul? 42
B2: Sulla changed the minimum age for the quaestorship in 81 BC. What was this new minimum age? 30

TSJCL Certamen Question Template
Advanced Division, Round 2

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- TU #18 : **Laus Stilichonis, In Eutropium, Gigantomachia, and De Raptu Proserpinae** were all works written by what author from Alexandria? **CLAUDIAN**
- B1: What Christian author of the *Historiae Adversus Paganos* lambasts Claudian as a **paganus pervicacissimus**? **OROSIUS**
- B2: Although Claudian wrote extensively in Latin, what language was native for the last classical poet of Rome? **GREEK**
- TU #19 : What minor deity appears several times in Vergil's Aeneid as an agent of Juno, who dispatches her to pluck a lock of hair from the head of Dido so that Dido can enter the underworld? **IRIS**
- B1: In Book V of the Aeneid, Iris takes on the form of a Trojan woman to incite the other Trojan mothers to what action? **SETTING FIRE TO AENEAS' SHIPS**
- B2: The Trojan mothers did so because they were weary of sailing and wanted Aeneas to settle where? **SICILY**

(SCORE CHECK)

- TU #20 : Please translate the following sentence from Latin to English: **Cum invenire meam filiam tum absentiam cognoscere non possum.** **I AM UNABLE NOT ONLY TO FIND MY DAUGHTER BUT ALSO TO UNDERSTAND HER ABSENCE**
- B1: Please translate the following sentence from Latin to English: **Cum suus pater aeger esset, tamen duobus diebus iter facēbat.** **ALTHOUGH HIS FATHER WAS SICK, NEVERTHELESS HE MADE A JOURNEY FOR TWO DAYS**
- B2: Please translate the following sentence from Latin to English: **Timēbam nē nēmō ex familiā meā diem nātālem meminisset.** **I WAS FEARING / FEARED THAT NO ONE FROM MY FAMILY REMEMBERED MY BIRTHDAY**

(SCORE CHECK)

EXTRA QUESTIONS

TU #: Give the uncontracted form for the word **fore**.

FUTURUM ESSE

B1: Give the uncontracted form for the word **sultis**.

SI VULTIS

B2: Give the uncontracted form for the word **quominus**.

UT EO MINUS

TU #: Which Roman author, the son of Annaeus Mela, studied under the Stoic Cornutus and wrote a ten-book epic titled *Bellum Civile*?

(M. ANNAEUS) LUCAN(US)

B1: Which offices did Lucan hold under Nero?

QUAESTOR AND AUGUR

B2: Why was Lucan forced to commit suicide?

IMPLICATION IN THE PISONIAN CONSPIRACY

TU #: Pandrosus, Herse, and Aglaurus are all daughters of what legendary king of Athens who was born from the Earth?

CECROPS

B1: With what important task had Cecrops' daughters been entrusted by Athena?

SAFEKEEPING ERICHTHONIUS / BOX THAT HELD HIM

B2: Which of the three women was the only one not to spy on Erichthonius and thereby survive Athena's retribution?

PANDROSUS

TU #: For the verb **gaudeo**, give the 2nd person, plural, present, active subjunctive.

GAUDEATIS

B1: Now change **gaudeatis** to the pluperfect tense.

GAVISI/-AE/-A ESSETIS

B2: Now change **gavisi essetis** to the imperfect tense.

GAUDERETIS

TSJCL Certamen Question Template
Advanced Division, Final Round

I will read one practice question now for no points. This question does not necessarily reflect the difficulty of questions found in this tournament.

- TU # 0: Who wrote book 142 of *Ab Urbe Condita* along with the other 141 books? LIVY
B1: In what book of *Ab Urbe Condita* is Tarquinius Superbus overthrown? 1
B2: In what book of *Ab Urbe Condita* is Rome sacked by the Senones? 5
-

TU #1 : According to Livy, who received divinations from the supposedly ascended Romulus in the aftermath of a ferocious storm? PROCULUS JULIUS / JULIUS PROCULUS

B1: Where was Romulus, according to Livy, before the ferocious storm hit? PALUS CAPRAE (prompt on “Campus Martius”)

B2: Tossup 9 -----One would assume that Romulus would have had bodyguards with him. Nevertheless, what is the name of 300 such bodyguards to the kings of Rome? CELERES

TU #2 : From what Latin verb with what meaning do we derive “foment”? FOVEŌ – TO BE WARM

B1: From what Latin verb with what meaning do we derive “perforate”? FORŌ – TO PIERCE

B2: From what Latin verb with what meaning do we derive “foible”? FLEŌ – TO WEEP

TU #3 : Vipstanus Mesalla, Julius Secundus, Marius Aper, and Curiatius Maternus—the last being the host of the gathering of the four—were all prominent lawyers featured in what rhetorical work by Tacitus? DIALOGUS DE ORATORIBUS

B1: Who, the **consul suffectus** of 102 A.D., was the *Dialogus de Oratoribus* dedicated to? (L.) FABIUS IUSTUS

B2: Tacitus himself served as **consul suffectus** in what year? 97 A.D.

TU #4 : Whose arrows slew Ismenus, Sipylus, Phaedimus, Tantalus, and the rest of Amphion’s sons as punishment for Niobe’s insult toward his mother Leto? APOLLO

B1: Similarly, Artemis shot all of Amphion and Niobe’s daughters. In one version of the myth, however, the youngest one was spared because she prayed to Leto. Name her. CHLORIS / MELIBOEA

B2: In this version of the myth, Chloris goes on to marry what king of Messenia, who is said to have found her so beautiful that he journeyed to Boeotian Orchomenus to make her his bride? NELEUS

TU #5 : **Quid Anglicē significat: cardō?** HINGE

B1: **Quid Anglicē significat: calix?** CUP / GOBLET

B2: **Quid Anglicē significat: calcar?** SPUR

(SCORE CHECK)

TU #6 : Provide the full Latin and meanings for two phrases that are abbreviated as **q.v.**? QUOD VIDE – WHICH SEE
QUANTUM VIS – AS MUCH AS YOU WISH

B1: Provide the full Latin and meaning for the phrase that is abbreviated as **verb. sat.**? VERBUM SAT SAPIENTĪ – A WORD TO THE WISE IS SUFFICIENT

B2: Provide the full Latin and non-literal meaning for the phrase that is abbreviated as **f.v.**? FOLIŌ VERSŌ – ON THE BACK OF THE PAGE

TSJCL Certamen Question Template
Advanced Division, Final Round

- TU #7: In 253 AD, who was proclaimed emperor by the Senate and started a widespread persecution of Christians, but, more notably, was captured by the Persians in 260 AD? VALERIAN
B1: At what battle of 260 AD was Valerian captured? BATTLE OF EDESSA
B2: Who was the Persian emperor who captured Valerian and used him as a footstool for the rest of his life? SHAPUR / SAPOR I
- TU #8 : What Burdigalan author spent much of his life assisting the poor, renounced his wealth later in life, and wrote hymns in commemoration of St. Felix? PAULINUS OF NOLA
B1: How many books of his hymns, called *Natalicia*, remain extant? 14
B2: What student of Paulinus of Nola, also a fellow Burdigalan, wrote works such as *Ephemeris*, *Parentalia*, and *Mosella*? (D. MAGNUS) AUSONIUS
- TU #9 : What young man, while raiding an island for food, failed to recognize his father Odysseus and killed him with a spear tipped with the sting of a stingray? TELEGONUS
B1: When he realized what he had done, Telegonus brought Odysseus' body to be buried in what special location? AEAEA
B2: Telegonus then went on to marry Penelope and become the father of what man, the eponym of Italy? ITALUS
- TU #10 : Using **quīn**, translate the following sentence into Latin: The Roman soldiers did not refuse to resist the Gauls. ROMĀNĪ MILITĒS NON RECŪSANT QUĪN GALLĪS RESISTANT.
B1: Translate the following sentence into English: Who is there who does not lack money? QUIS EST QUĪ PECŪNIĀ NŌN CAREAT?
B2: Translate the following sentence into English: It remains for me to eat eggs. RELIQUUM EST MIHI UT ŌVĪS VESCAR / EDAM

(SCORE CHECK)

- TU #11 : Listen carefully to the following passage from Tacitus' *Annales* then answer in LATIN the questions that follow:

Prīmum facinus novī prīncipātūs fuit Postumī Agrippae caedēs, quem ignārum inermemque quamvīs firmātus animō centuriō aegrē cōnfēcit. nihil dē eā rē Tiberius apud senātum disseruit: patris iussa simulābat, quibus praescrīpsisset tribūnō cūstōdiae adpositō, nē cūctārētur Agrippam morte adficere, quāndōque ipse suprēmum diem explēvisset.

- The Question: **Quālis est Postumus Agrippā ante mortem?** IGNARUS ET INERMIS
B1: **Quod Tiberius dē morte Agrippae ad senātum dīxit?** NIHIL
B2: **Quae iussa patris ad cūstōdiam Tiberius simulābat?** IUSSA NĒ CŪNCTĀRĒTUR AGRIPPAM MORTE ADFICERE

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- TU #12 : Described by Tacitus as a two-faced, but powerful ruler of the Brigantes, what queen consistently allied herself with the Romans, to the point where she willingly hands over Caratacus, an ally who sought refuge under her? **CARTIMANDUA**
- B1: Cartimandua does not seem to know the meaning of the phrase “insult to injury.” What man, her ex-husband, did she leave for a common soldier named Vellocatus, and held her ex-husband’s family hostage, and unsurprisingly, caused him to rebel? **VENUTIUS**
- B2: What Roman general eventually subdued Venutius’ rebellion on behalf of Cartimandua? **CAESIUS NASICA**
- TU #13 : Following Caesar’s victory over Pompey, Cicero delivered 3 Caesarian Speeches in a plea for clemency. Which speech defended a tetrarch of Galatia who was implicated in the murder of Caesar?
PRŌ RĒGE DĒIOTARO
- B1: In which of these Caesarian Speeches does Cicero successfully defend a client accused of crimes in Africa? **PRŌ LIGĀRIŌ**
- B2: During Cicero’s exile, he befriended a man whom he would later defend in trial, during which he highlighted voting clubs in Rome and their relation to electioneering methods. Give the name of this speech. **PRŌ PLANCIŌ**
- TU #14 : Who was killed by a stone quoit during a contest by his half-brothers, who did so either because he excelled them in sports or so they could please their mother Endeïs? **PHOCUS**
- B1: After learning of what happened, King Aeacus banished his sons Peleus and Telamon for their crime. Peleus wandered to the court of what king, who gave his daughter Antigone to Peleus in marriage? **EURYTION**
- B2: How did Phocus’ mother Psamathe avenge his death?
SHE SENT A WOLF TO DESTROY PELEUS’ FLOCKS
- TU #15 : Translate the following sentence into English: **Si quid sit certius, velim scīre.**
IF THERE IS / SHOULD BE ANYTHING MORE CERTAIN, I WOULD LIKE TO KNOW (IT)
- B1: Translate the following sentence into English: **Petimus ā vōbīs ut haec dona ā reginā missa accipiātis.** **WE ARE ASKING YOU TO ACCEPT THESE GIFTS SENT BY THE QUEEN.**
- B2: Translate the following sentence into English: **ignōtum est quomodo hoc agendum sit.**
IT IS UNKNOWN HOW THIS MUST BE DONE
- (SCORE CHECK)
- TU #16 : What use of the subjunctive can be found in the following sentence: **non dubium est quīn et omnes pestis taedeat?** **DOUBTING**
- B1: What use of the subjunctive can be found in the following sentence: **Efficit ut nemo tui meminerit?** **SUBSTANTIVE (CLAUSE OF) RESULT**
- B2: What use of the subjunctive can be found in the following sentence: **cīvēs nōn ēsurient dum aliquem sacrificiō deīs mittant?** **PROVISO**

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- TU #17 : In Book XIX of the *Iliad*, who is compared to “golden Aphrodite” and to “a goddess in grief” when she weeps before the fallen body of Patroclus, lamenting how Patroclus had always been kind to her and had vowed to make her Achilles’ lawful, wedded wife? **BRISEÏS / HIPPODAMEIA**
- B1: As she grieves, Briseïs recounts how Achilles had taken her as his concubine after sacking what hometown of hers? **LYRNESSUS**
- B2: Who was Briseïs’ husband, whom Achilles killed during his sack of Lyrnessus? **MYNES**
- TU #18 : What author, whose statue had been erected to him at a forum in Praeneste near his *Fasti* carved in marble, was called the greatest grammarian of the Augustan age and was chosen as a tutor for Augustus’ grandsons Gaius and Lucius Caesar? **VERRIUS FLACCUS**
- B1: What is the name of the work by Verrius Flaccus which is an alphabetic glossary of obsolete terms and has Varro Reatinus as the principal source? **DĒ VERBŌRUM SIGNIFICĀTŪ**
- B2: What grammarian of the 2nd and 3rd centuries AD provided an abridgement of the *Dē Verbōrum Significātu* after the original text had been lost? **FESTUS**
- TU #19 : From London Paddington station, you can travel to many ancient Roman settlements west of London! Let’s say you want to book a trip to Gloucester to visit the Gloucester cathedral. In ancient times, how would you refer to the city? **GLEVUM**
- B1: From London Euston station, you can travel to the northwest portions of the UK. Assuming you want to visit St. Albans to observe the various films in production in the popular city. In ancient times, how would you refer to the city? **VERULAMIUM**
- B2: Let’s say you want to go even further northwest from St. Albans. Boarding the same train line (with a quick train line switch), you finally arrived at Chester, a walled city with a mix of medieval and modern architecture. In ancient times, what would you call Chester? **DEVA (VICTRIX)**

(SCORE CHECK)

- TU #20 : To what category of numbers do the terms **bīduum**, **trimestris**, and **biennium** belong? **TEMPORALS**
- B1: Place the following fractions in order from least to greatest: **dīmidium**, **as**, **uncia**, **bēs**.
UNCIA, DIMIDIUM, BES, AS
- B2: Using a distributive, translate the following English sentence into Latin: “Let us pitch three camps.”
TRĪNA CASTRA PŌNĀMUS

(SCORE CHECK)

TSJCL Certamen Question Template
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EXTRA QUESTIONS

TU #: Which author, the son of a teacher in Naples, composed pantomimes and garnered the favor of Domitian with his *Silvae*?

(P. PAPINIUS) STATIUS

B1: How many poems are contained in the *Silvae*?

THIRTY-TWO

B2: Name the only known pantomime of Statius.

AGAVE

TU #: Cleonymus of Sparta and Agathocles of Syracuse had both previously been hired by what southern Italian city, which would eventually employ Pyrrhus, in order to fend off attacks by the Lucanians?

TARENTUM

B1: Who was Pyrrhus's highly influential Thracian orator and diplomat who almost convinced Rome into signing a peace treaty with Epirus?

CINEAS

B2: Which elderly member of the Roman senate saw through the ruse of Cineas and convinced the Roman senate to continue the fight?

(APP.) CLAUDIUS CAECUS

TU #: What twin sons of Abas and Aglaea are said to have fought since they were in their mother's womb?

ACRISIUS & PROETUS

B1: According to some versions of the myth, how did Proetus, who was expelled from Argos by Acrisius, later enact his revenge?

(SNUCK INTO BRONZE CHAMBER AND) SLEPT WITH DANAE

B2: What deity did Acrisius offend when he barred his entrance into Argos?

DIONYSUS

TU #: For the phrase **illa mollis carbasus**, make it dative.

ILLI MOLLI CARBASO

B1: Now make **illi molli carbaso** plural.

ILLIS MOLLIBUS CARBASIS

B2: Now make **illis mollibus carbasis** accusative.

ILLA MOLLIA CARBASA

TU #: What Spartan **basileus**, in an attempt to carry himself as a reformist in the mold of Cleomenes III, embarked on a hawkish foreign policy that aligned his forces against the Achaean League in order to conquer the Peloponnese?

NABIS

B1: Nabis' gains against the Achaean League were halted after the Romans managed to capture what vital Spartan port in 195 B.C.?

GYTHIUM

B2: Who was the victorious Roman general in Gythium, the same general that a year earlier, he declared freedom for all Greek states at the Isthmian Games?

C. FLAMININUS

TSJCL Certamen Question Template
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TU #: What type of conditional can be found in the following sentence: **Non intrare situs essem, si cibi oblitus essem?**

PRESENT CONTRARY TO FACT

B1: What type of conditional can be found in the following sentence: **Si equus remedium celet, ego equum interficiam?**

FUTURE LESS VIVID

B2: What type of conditional can be found in the following sentence: **Facile me paterer illo ipso iudice quaerente?**

PRESENT CONTRARY TO FACT